BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet
Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Notes to Financial Otatamanta
Notes to Financial Statements
OTHER REPORTS
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based Upon the Audits of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County
Hauppauge, New York

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the County of Suffolk, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Corporation, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 11, 2019, on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control or on compliance. That report is an integral part of the audits performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Hauppauge, New York June 11, 2019 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Management's Discussion and Analysis

THE RECREATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION OF SUFFOLK COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a discussion and analysis of The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County's (the "Corporation") financial performance, which provides an overview of the Corporation's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. Please read this in conjunction with the Corporation's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Corporation's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$0 and \$95,904 (total net position) for the years ended 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- The Corporation's total net position decreased by \$95,904 and \$49,480 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- The Corporation's governmental fund reported total ending fund balance of \$0 and \$95,904 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Corporation's annual report is presented in two parts; management's discussion and analysis (this section), and the basic financial statements.

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes that provide more detailed information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Reporting on the Corporation as a Whole

The government-wide financial statements are designed to present an overall picture of the financial position of the Corporation and start on page 6. These statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities, which are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This means that all the current year's revenues and expenses are included, regardless of when cash is received or paid, producing a view of financial position similar to that presented by most private-sector companies.

The statement of net position reports all assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources (if any), and net position. The net position is displayed as one of two categories: restricted and unrestricted. Over time, changes in the Corporation's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader should consider other non-financial factors, such as regulatory changes to assess the overall health of the Corporation.

The statement of activities focuses on both the gross and net cost of various activities; these costs are primarily funded by the Corporation's revenues. This statement summarizes the cost of providing specific government services, and includes all current year revenues and expenses.

Reporting on the Corporation's Most Significant Fund

The fund financial statements begin on page 8 and provide detailed information about the most significant fund - not the Corporation as a whole. The Board of Directors (the "Board") established funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes and to demonstrate that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain money.

THE RECREATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION OF SUFFOLK COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Reporting on the Corporation's Most Significant Fund (continued)

• Governmental funds - The Corporation's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Corporation's general government operations. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations on pages 8 and 9.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning with page 10.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION AS A WHOLE

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the Corporation as a whole.

Net Position

Condensed Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities As of December 31,

		20	18		2017
Assets Current and other assets		\$	3_	\$	182,263
	Total Assets		3		182,263
Liabilities Current liabilities			3_	·	86,359
	Total Liabilities		3		86,359
Net Position Unrestricted			-0-		95,904
	Total Net Position	\$	-0-	\$	95,904

As of December 31, 2018, total assets were \$3, while total liabilities were \$3, resulting in a net position of \$0. Total assets decreased by \$182,260 at December 31, 2018 compared to 2017, primarily due to a decrease in cash and account receivable. Total liabilities decreased by \$86,356 at December 31, 2018 compared to 2017, primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable and the amount due to other governments. The Corporation's net position decreased by \$95,904, in the current year due to expenses outpacing revenues.

THE RECREATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION OF SUFFOLK COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

Condensed Statement of Activities
Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities			
	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 30,252	\$ 345,402	
Total Program Revenues	30,252	345,402	
General Revenues			
Interest on investments	9	21	
Total General Revenues	9	21	
Total Revenues	30,261	345,423	
Expenses			
Culture and recreation	126,165	394,903	
Total Expenses	126,165	394,903	
Decrease in Net Position	(95,904)	(49,480)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	95,904	145,384	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ -0-	\$ 95,904	

The Corporation's program revenues decreased by \$315,150 from \$345,402 in 2017 to \$30,252 in 2018. The decrease in 2018 revenues is attributable to a decrease in contributions as a result of the Corporation no longer managing the activities of the marathon and the freedom fest. The Corporation's expenses decreased to \$126,165 in 2018 from \$394,903 in 2017, a decrease of \$268,738. This is primarily due to a decrease in expenses relating to the marathon.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds/General Fund

The focus of the Corporation's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Corporation's financing requirements. The Corporation only had one fund.

At December 31, 2018, the Corporation's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$0. The fund balance of the Corporation's general fund decreased by \$95,904 for the period ended December 31, 2018.

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Corporation is no longer under contract to manage the activities of the marathon or the Freedom Fest. These events are now under contract directly with the County of Suffolk.

This financial report is designed to provide the Corporation's interested parties with an overview of the Corporation's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County, H. Lee Dennison Building, 12th Floor, 100 Veterans Memorial Highway, P.O. Box 6100, Hauppauge, New York 11788, Attention: President.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2018

ASSETS		
Current Assets:	•	2
Cash	_\$_	3_
Total Current Assets		3
Total Ass	sets	3
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3
Total Current Liabilities		3_
Total Liabili	ties	3
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		-0-
Total Net Posit	tion <u>\$</u>	-0-

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Expenses	Ope	am Revenues rating Grants Contributions	and	et Revenue Changes in et Position
Culture and recreation		_\$	126,165	\$	30,252	\$	(95,913)
	Total	\$	126,165	\$	30,252		(95,913)
				General	Revenues		
				Interest o	on investments		9
			Т	otal Gen	eral Revenues		9
				Change	in Net Position		(95,904)
			Net Positi	on at Beg	inning of Year		95,904
			Net	Position	at End of Year	\$	-0-

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2018

		General Fund
ASSETS		
Cash		\$ 3
	Total Assets	\$ 3
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 3
	Total Liabilities	3
FUND BALANCES		•
Unassigned		
	Total Fund Balances	-0-
	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Fund		\$ -0-
	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ -0-

GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2018

		 General Fund
REVENUES Miscellaneous local sources		\$ 30,252
Interest on investments	Total Revenues	30,261
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation		126,165
Outtare and reoreation	Total Expenditures	126,165
	Net Change in Fund Balances	(95,904)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		 95,904
	Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ -0-

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$ (95,904)
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (95,904)

DECEMBER 31, 2018

A. ORGANIZATION

The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County (the "Corporation") was created as a local development corporation. The Corporation was established on January 12, 2016 pursuant to Section 1411 of the New York Not-For-Profit Corporation Law. Although legally separate from and independent of the County of Suffolk (the "County"), New York, the Corporation is considered an affiliated organization. The Corporation is being reported as a discretely presented component unit for financial reporting purposes in the County's financial statements.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Corporation has four Directors. One Director shall be appointed upon the advice and consent of the Presiding Officer of the Suffolk County Legislature; and three Directors shall be appointed by the County Executive of which two must meet certain requirements of independence.

The Corporation was formed exclusively for the purpose of providing organized outdoor recreation and special events, such as the Suffolk County Marathon, that are of interest and benefit to the residents of Suffolk County; attracting an increased population into Suffolk County to participate in recreational events and spur economic growth; stimulating economic development throughout Suffolk County by highlighting the County's downtowns, award winning foods and beverages, its beautiful parks, open spaces, natural waterways, and assisting with the revitalization of the economy.

The Corporation is no longer under contract to manage the activities of the marathon or the Freedom Fest. These events are now under contract directly with the County of Suffolk.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the Corporation's accounting policies are described below.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Corporation's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting on the Corporation as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting on the Corporation's most significant funds).

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities, display information about the Corporation as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations of internal activity (if any) have been made in these statements. All of the activities of the Corporation are considered governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the Corporation's governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Corporation's net position is reported in two parts - restricted net position (if any) and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Program revenue includes grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements focus more on the sustainability of the Corporation as an entity and the change in the Corporation's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Corporation. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund (if applicable) is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds (if any) are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Corporation has presented all funds as major funds.

The funds of the Corporation are considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position.

The Corporation reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - is the principal operating fund of the Corporation which records all financial activity not required to be included in other funds.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING/MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The financial statements of the Corporation are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Corporation's reporting entity applies all relevant GASB pronouncements.

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured, where as the basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide statements, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds use a current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance current operations). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Corporation considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, certain long-term obligations (if any) are recorded when payment is due. In those instances where expenditures are the prime factor in determining eligibility for state and federal grants, revenues are recognized when the expenditure is incurred.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Corporation's cash consist of demand deposits.

The Corporation has adopted an investment policy which authorizes it to invest monies not required for immediate expenditure for terms not to exceed its projected cash flow needs in the following types of investments:

- · Special time deposit accounts.
- · Certificates of deposit.

All deposits of the Corporation in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act shall be secured by collateral comprised of eligible securities.

The Corporation had no investments at December 31, 2018.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are recorded and revenues recognized as earned. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The accounts receivable are proceeds from Corporation events that were held by a third-party at year end and subsequently remitted to the Corporation. All amounts were determined to be collectible at year end, therefor no allowance was established.

DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due to other governments are for services provided to the Corporation by other municipalities. The Corporation had no amounts due to other governments at December 31, 2018.

NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide statements, equity net position is displayed in two components:

- a. Restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported. Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2018, the Corporation has no restricted component of net position.
- b. Unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of the restricted component of net position. The balance of unrestricted net position is \$0 as of December 31, 2018.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's intention to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE (continued)

NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS (continued)

In the Corporation's fund financial statements, there are potentially three classifications of fund balance:

Restricted - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There is currently no balance in this classification.

Assigned - Includes amounts that are constrained by the Corporation's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted. The Corporation's assigned fund balance contains amounts to be provided to veterans' organizations. The Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned - Includes all other general fund net position that does not meet the definition of the other classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the Corporation. The balance of unassigned fund balance in the general fund is \$0 as of December 31, 2018.

Order of Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Funds

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the Board will assess the current financial condition of the Corporation and then determine the order of application of expenditures to which fund balance classification will be charged. It is the intention of the Board that the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated and then from the unassigned fund balance.

4. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. ADOPTED PRONOUNCEMENT

The Corporation has adopted all of the current statements of the GASB that are applicable.

6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

C. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u> - Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

Deposits are required to be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are either:

- Uncollateralized,
- · Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Corporation's name.

At December 31, 2018, the Corporation's bank balances were \$3,003. The Corporation's bank balances where fully covered by federal deposit insurance.

OTHER REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED UPON THE AUDITS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County
Hauppauge, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the County of Suffolk, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Corporation's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Hauppauge, New York June 11, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATION INVESTMENT POLICY

To the Board of Directors
The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County
Hauppauge, New York

Report

We have examined The Recreation and Economic Development Corporation of Suffolk County's (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the County of Suffolk, New York, compliance with the Corporation's investment policy during the period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the Corporation's compliance with those requirements.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Corporation's compliance based on our examination. Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Corporation's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Corporation's compliance with specified requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Corporation complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

Other Matters

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, management of the Corporation, the County of Suffolk, Authority Budget Office, and the New York State Comptroller's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Hauppauge, New York June 11, 2019

BEYOND THE NUMBERS...

ALBRECHT, VIGGIANO, ZURECK & COMPANY, P.C.

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